## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior listings of claims in the application:

(CURRENTLY AMENDED) A composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation of formula 1

$$R_6$$
 $R_7$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_7$ 

Formula 1

## wherein

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl;

 $R_4 \text{ to } R_7 \text{ are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C1-C10 alkoxyl, C1-C10 polyalkoxyalkyl, C1-C20 polyhydroxyalkyl, C5-C20 polyhydroxyaryl, saccharides, amino, cyano, nitro, halogen, hydrophilic peptides, anyloplysulfonates, C1-C10 alkyl, C1-C10 aryl, -S0_3T, -C0_2T, -OH, -(CH_2)_8C0_3T, -(CH_2)_8C0_3T,$ 

 $Y_1$  is selected from the group consisting of C5-C20 polyhydroxyaryl, saccharides, hydrophilic peptides, anylpolysulfonates, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,SO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,MHSO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,CO<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>,SO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,MHSO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,SO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,MHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>,SO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,MHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>,SO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,MHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>,SO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,OPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,OPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,NHPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,OPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,NHPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,OPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,OPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,NHPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,OPO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,PO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>}<sub>0</sub>,PO<sub>3</sub>T, -{CH<sub>2</sub>

-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>. -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>. -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>NHCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>. -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>. -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>. -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>. -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>. -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>T<sub>2</sub>.

W<sub>1</sub> is -CR<sub>c</sub>R<sub>d</sub>;

a, b, d, f, h, i, and i independently vary from 1-10;

c, e, g, and k independently vary from 1-100;

Ra, Rb, Rs, and Rd are defined in the same manner as Y1; and

T is either H or a negative charge.

2-16 (CANCELED)

17. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The composition of claim 1 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub> alkyl.

18. (CANCELED)

19. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The composition of claim 17 wherein each of  $R_4$  to  $R_7$  is independently -H or -SO<sub>3</sub>T.

20-22. (CANCELED)

23. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The composition of claim 1 wherein each of  $R_4$  to  $R_7$  is independently -H or -SO $_3$ T.

24-26. (CANCELED)

27. (NEW) A method for performing a diagnostic or therapeutic procedure which comprises administering to an individual an effective amount of a composition comprising at least one biocompatible excipient and the compound of formula 1

$$R_6$$
 $N_1$ 
 $N_1$ 
 $N_2$ 
 $N_3$ 
 $N_4$ 
 $N_4$ 

Formula 1

## wherein

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl:

R<sub>2</sub> to R<sub>7</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C1-C10 alkoxyl, C1-C10 polyalkoxyalkyl, C1-C20 polyhydroxyalkyl, C5-C20 polyhydroxyaryl, saccharides, amino, cyano, nitro, halogen, hydrophilic peptides, arylpolysulfonates, C1-C10 alkyl, C1-C10 aryl, -SO<sub>3</sub>T, -CO<sub>2</sub>T, -OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>T, -

Y<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of C5-C20 polyhydroxyaryl, saccharides, hydrophilic peptides, arylpolysulfonates, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>OS<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHSO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHPO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>DO<sub>3</sub>C1, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>DO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>DO<sub>3</sub>DO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>DCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>DCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>HT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>Tz, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NHCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>TT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>NCONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>TT, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)

W<sub>1</sub> is -CR<sub>c</sub>R<sub>d</sub>;

- a, b, d, f, h, i, and j independently vary from 1-10;
- c, e, g, and k independently vary from 1-100;
- $R_a$ ,  $R_b$ ,  $R_c$ , and  $R_d$  are defined in the same manner as  $Y_i$ ; and T is either H or a negative charge; and

performing the diagnostic or therapeutic procedure.

28. (NEW) The method of claim 27 wherein

Rais Ca-Can alkyl:

 $Y_1$  is selected from the group consisting of C5-C20 polyhydroxyaryl, mono- and disaccharides, hydrophilic peptides, arylpolysulfonates, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>OSO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>NHSO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>OCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>OCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>T.

W<sub>4</sub> is -CR<sub>2</sub>R<sub>4</sub>:

- a, b, d, f, h, i, and i independently vary from 1-5:
- c, e, g, and k independently vary from 1-20;
- Rs. Rs. Rs. and Rs are defined in the same manner as Ys: and

T is a negative charge.

- 29. (NEW) The method of claim 27 wherein each  $R_4$ ,  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  is H,  $R_5$  is  $SO_3T$ ,  $Y_1$  is  $-(CH_2)_3SO_3T$ ;  $W_1$  is  $-C(CH_3)_2$ ; and T is a negative charge.
- 30. (NEW) The method of claim 27 wherein the procedure uses light of wavelength in the region of 350 nm -1300 nm.
- 31. (NEW) The method of claim 27 wherein the procedure comprises monitoring a blood clearance profile by fluorescence using light of wavelength in the region of 350 nm to 1300 nm.
- 32. (NEW) The method of claim 27 wherein the procedure comprises monitoring a blood clearance profile by absorption using light of wavelength in the region of 350 nm to 1300 nm.

- 33. (NEW) The method of claim 27 wherein the procedure is for physiological function monitoring.
- 34. (NEW) The method of claim 33 wherein the procedure is for renal function monitoring.
- 35. (NEW) The method of claim 33 wherein the procedure is for cardiac function monitoring.
- 36. (NEW) The method of claim 33 wherein the procedure is for determining organ perfusion in vivo.